sbc✚
SAIA BURGESS CONTROLS

PCD1.B5000-A20
E-Line S-Serie RIO 6DI 230V, 3Rel

The S-Serie E-Line RIO modules are controlled via the RS-485 serial communication protocols S-Bus and Modbus for decentralised automation using industrial quality components. The data point mix is specifically designed for building automation applications.

The compact design according to DIN 43880 enables installation in electrical distribution boxes even in the most confined spaces. Installation and maintenance are facilitated by the local manual override for each output. Remote maintenance is also possible by accessing the manual override using the Saia PCD® controller's web interface. Programming is very efficient and fast using a complete FBox library with web templates for S-Bus. Individual programs may directly access the data points via Registers and Flags. Complete documentation is included in this data sheet.

Features

▶ S-Bus protocol optimized for fast data exchange
▶ Modbus protocol for integration in multi-vendor installations*
▶ Local override operating level via web panel or buttons on the module
▶ Easy programming using the FBox library and web templates
▶ Industrial hardware in accordance with IEC EN 61131-2
▶ Pluggable terminal blocks
▶ Bridge connectors for power supply and communication
▶ Bus termination on board
▶ Configurable Bi-Colour LEDs and labelling for I/Os

* By default the module is working in S-Bus Data Mode with Autobaud detection.
  To configure Modbus the Windows-based application "E-LineApp" is required

General technical data

Power supply

|	
Supply voltage	24 VDC, –15/+20% max. incl. 5% ripple (in accordance with EN/IEC 61131-2)
Power consumption	1.2 … 3 W
Power supply bridge	24 VDC, 5 A max., up to 40 modules

Interfaces

Communications interface	- RS-485 Baud rate: 9,600, 19,200, 38,400, 57,600, 115,200 bps (Autobauding) - Micro USB, Type B
Address switch	Two rotary switches 0 … 9 Address range 0 … 98
Bus termination	Integrated switch to activate and inactivate resistor termination

General data

Ambient temperature	Operation: 0 … +55 ℃ Storage: −40 … +70 ℃
Protection class	IP 20
Package	Single carton package with 1 Module incl. terminal blocks, 1 bridge connector

## Dimensions and installation

61.27
57.27
109.4
105.2
64.32
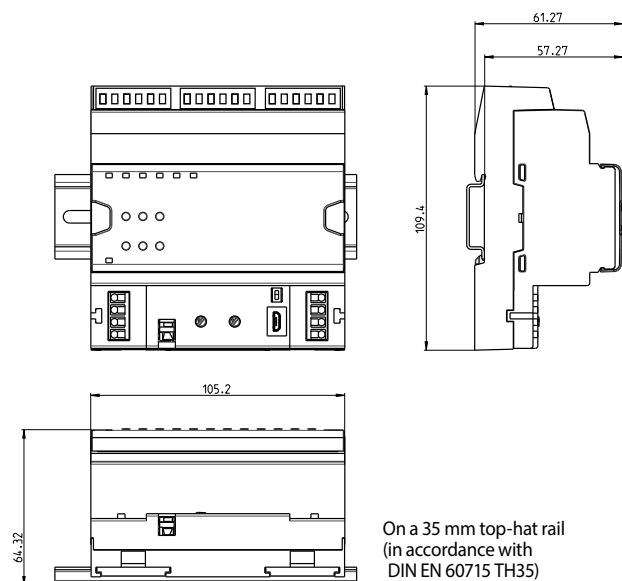
On a 35 mm top-hat rail
(in accordance with
 DIN EN 60715 TH35)

Housing width 6 HP (105 mm)
Compatible with electrical control cabinet
(in accordance with DIN 43880, size 2 × 55 mm)

Terminal technology

Push-in spring terminals enable wiring with rigid or flexible wires with a diameter up to 1.5 mm². A max. of 1 mm² is permitted with cable end sleeves.
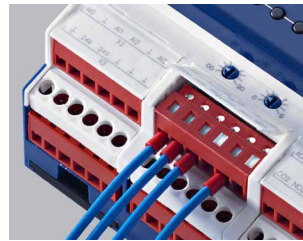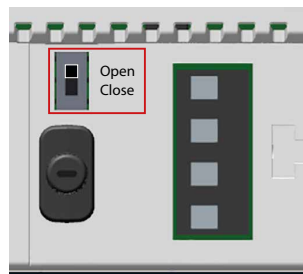

Connection concept

For easy installation the power supply and communication bus is available together at one connector. The push-in spring terminals enable wiring as well support the connector bridge.

/DA+
DB-
GND
+24V
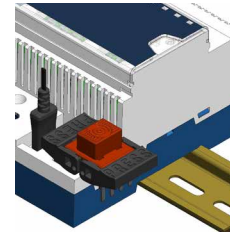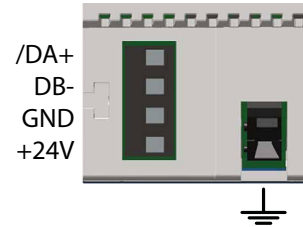
Bus termination

The module provides an active bus termination. It is switched off by factory default. To enable the termination, the switch need to be in the "Close" position.


Open
Close

Status LED

|	
OFF	No Power
Green	Communication OK
Green blink	Auto bauding in progress
Orange	No communication
Red	Error
Red/Green alternate	Booter mode (e.g. during Firmware download)
Red blink	Internal fatal error

st

Service interface

The USB interface provides access to the communication protocol configuration. Firmware updates can also be downloaded via Saia PG5® Firmware Download tool.

O
C
/DA+
DB-
GND
24V+
USB
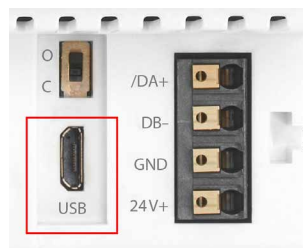
Reset button

Pushed over 20 seconds: The button needs to be pushed for minimum 20 seconds and released during the first minute after power up. All user settings are reset to factory default values.

Pushed at power up: Power off the device and press the button. Power on and release the button before 5 seconds have passed. The device stays in boot mode for further actions like firmware download etc.

RESET

00   90   0   9
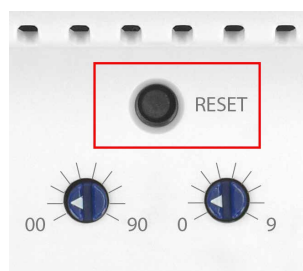
Input/output configuration
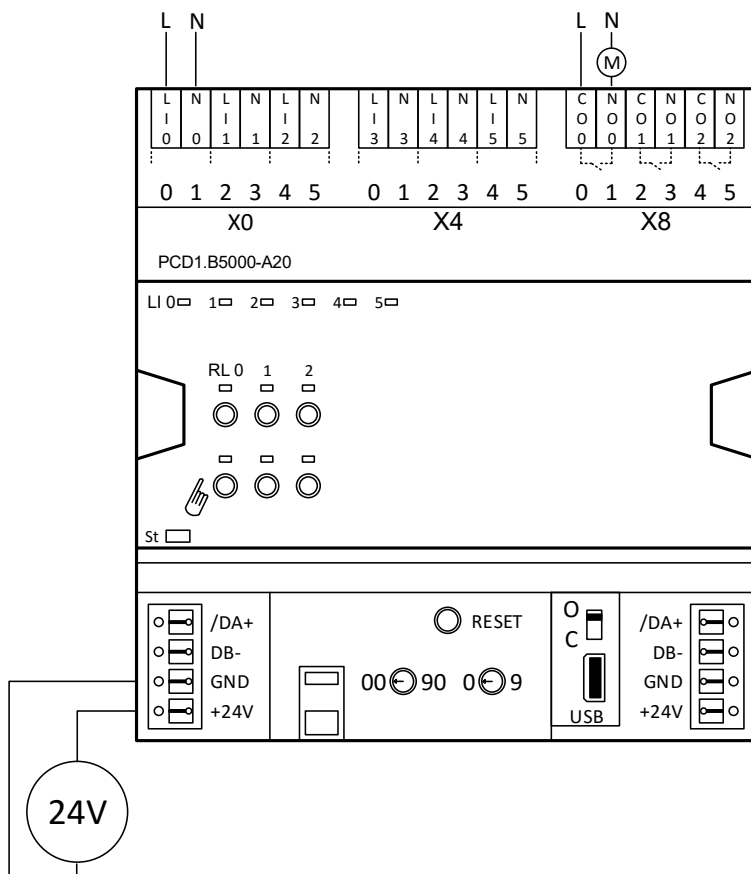
Digital inputs 230 V

Number	6 electrically isolated from the CPU, Source operation, all inputs to the module in the same phase
Input voltage	115/230 V; 50/60 Hz, sinusoidal (80 to 250 VAC)
Input current	115 VAC: 5…6 mA (wattless current) 230 VAC: 10…12 mA (wattless current)
Input delay	Switch-on: typically 10 ms; max. 20 ms Switch-off: typically 20 ms; max. 30 ms
Switching level	

Relays

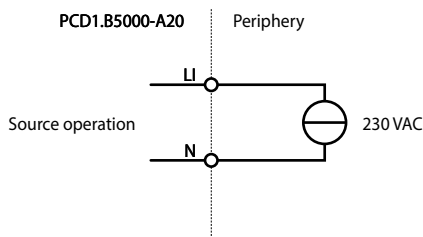| Number	3, normally open
Relay type make	RE 03 0024, SCHRACK
Max. switching current	6 A 250 VAC AC1
Contact lifetime *:	6 A, 250 VAC AC1 1×10^5 operations 2 A, 250 VAC AC11 4×10^5 operations
Switching delay	Timing response: 10 ms under 24 VDC
Relay coil supply	Internally provided (Power Supply of the module)
Module power supply	The power supply to be able to switch correctly the relays up to 85°C is recommended between 21.6 V … 32 V. 20 °C : 17,0 … 32 VDC 30 °C : 18,0 … 32 VDC 40 °C : 18,6 … 32 VDC 50 °C : 19,2 … 32 VDC
Manual operation	Local override operation by buttons
Limitation	The isolation between two adjacent relays will not be big enough to switch two different phases of 230 VAC.

* there are no suppressors fitted to the module; these must be provided externally
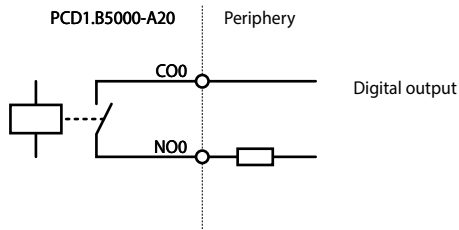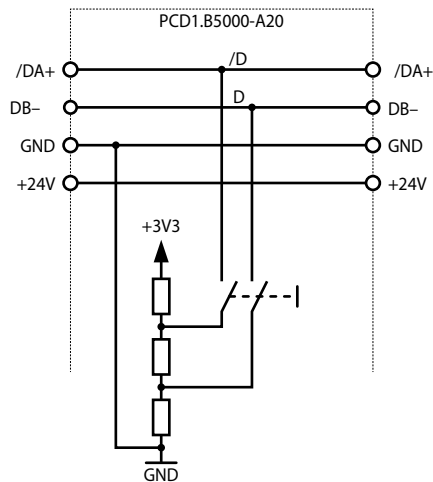
Assignment overview

Connection diagrams

Digital inputs

PCD1.B5000-A20   Periphery

Source operation   LI

N

230 VAC

Relay output

PCD1.B5000-A20   Periphery

CO0

NO0

Digital output

Power supply and bus termination

PCD1.B5000-A20

/DA+   /D   /DA+

DB−   D   DB−

GND   GND

+24V   +24V

+3V3

GND

LED Signalisation

Status LED

OFF	No Power
Green	Communication OK
Green blink	Auto bauding in progress
Orange	No communication
Red	Error
Red/Green alternate	Booter mode (e.g. during Firmware download)
Red blink	Internal fatal error

Digital output

The Output indication LED can be configured in colour and blink code separately for output state Low and High.

LED colour

▶ Off

▶ Red

▶ Green*

▶ Orange (red + green)

LED blink code

▶ No blink*

▶ Slow blinking (0.5 flashes per second)

▶ Fast blinking (2 flashes per second)

*Factory default

Manual mode

The Manual override LED is Off in automatic mode and orange in case of manual override is active.

### LED colour

▶ Off (automatic)

▶ Orange manual mode active

LED blink code

▶ No blink (local manual override)

▶ Blinking 1 flash per second (remote manual override)

Programming

5 The modules are addressed and programmed with Saia PG5® Fupla FBoxes. Web templates are available for the operation and visualisation of the manual override function.

Fupla

E-Line library

FBox S-Bus initialisation

FBox for devices
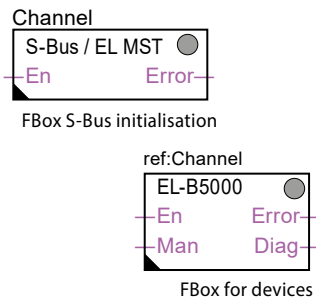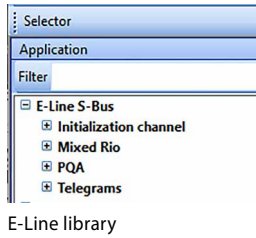
Communication FBox
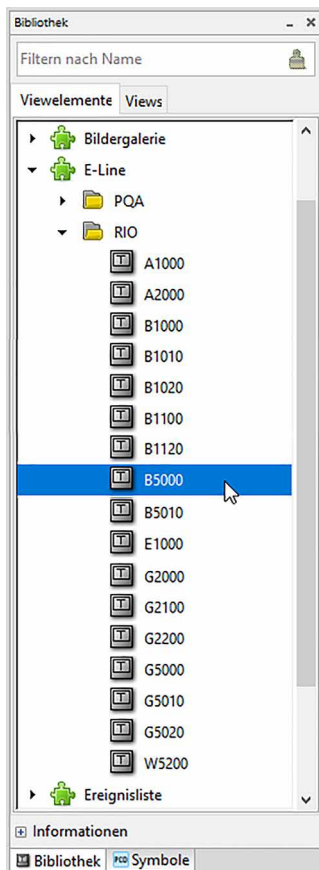
▶ Data exchange for I/O via optimised S-Bus
▶ Configurable save state for bus interruption or timeout
▶ Direct generation of the symbols
▶ Reading and writing of the status of the manual override status
▶ Direct compatibility with web macros

ℹ Further information, including which FBoxes are supported, Getting Started, etc., can be found on our support page www.sbc-support.com.

Web templates

Web templates are available for the operation and visualisation of the manual override function.

Manual operation

By using the local override function, commissioning can take place independently of the master station.

In addition, the manual operation can also be controlled remotely using a touch panel. If the bus line is cut off, the module keeps the manually set values. Traditional manual operation in the control cabinet door via potentiometers and switches can therefore be completely replaced by this solution.

Five operating modes can be selected for the manual operating function:

Operating modes	Description	Operation	
		at the module	via remote communication
1	Manual operation deactivated	✗	✗
2	Operation permitted from the module only	✓	✗
3	Operation permitted from the module and limited operation from the panel. If manual operation is activated at the module, it cannot be reset from the panel.	✓	(conditional)
4	Unlimited operation from the panel and module	✓	✓
5	Panel operation (remote)	✗	✓

ℹ Depending on the application, reset of manually set values is allowed from a panel. To address this requirement, it is possible to deactivate or limit manual operation function.

ℹ The inputs of the E-Line RIO modules can be addressed via the standard S-Bus. However the FBox from the E-Line library is used for the configuration of these modules.

It is therefore recommended to use the optimised S-Bus protocol and the corresponding FBoxes from the E-Line library. Mixed mode operation is not recommended.

E-line App device setup

E-Line RIOs support the device setup by a windows application program connected via USB. The installer is available for download from the SBC support page: www.sbc-support.com ➜ E-Line RIO IO Modules.
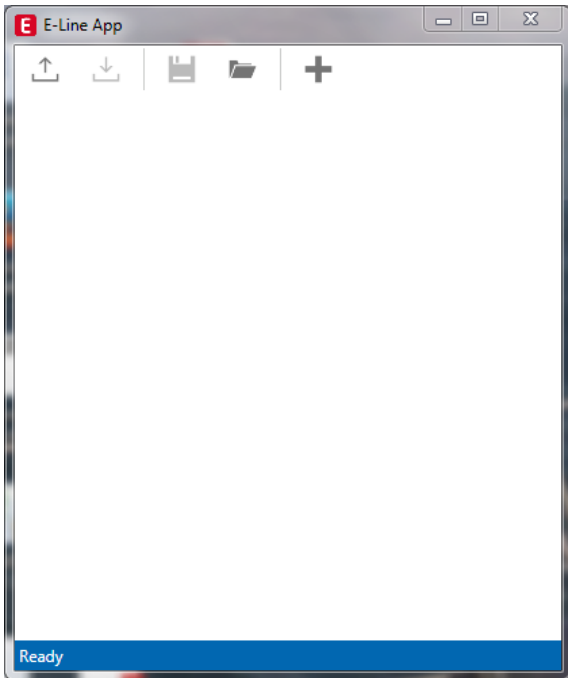
Create a new device configuration

Open an existing device configuration

Save the current settings as device configuration

Upload configuration from the device

Download settings to the device
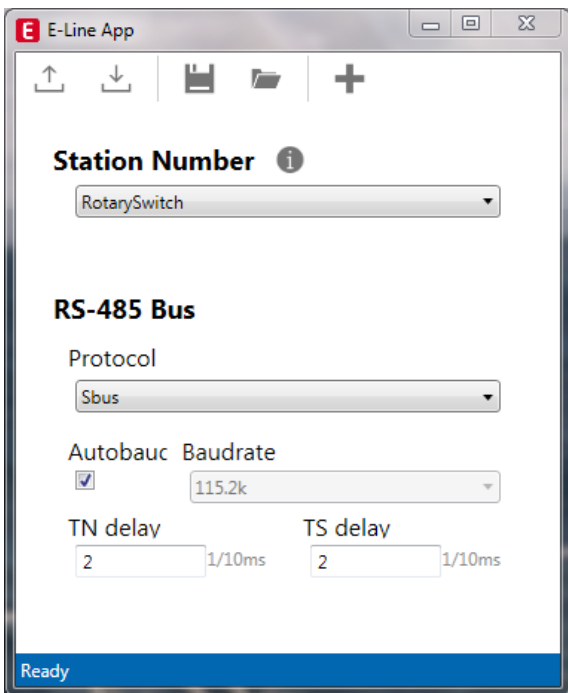
The station number can be set by the rotary switches at the device in the range of 0 … 98. If the rotary switches are set to position 99 the station number can be defined by the device configuration in a range of 0 … 253.
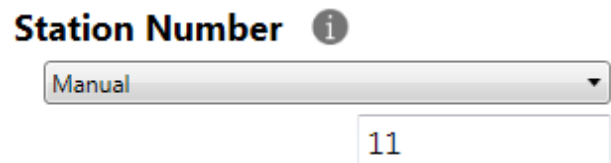
The serial communication protocol can be defined either as S-Bus or Modbus. By default the modules are delivered from factory with S-Bus.
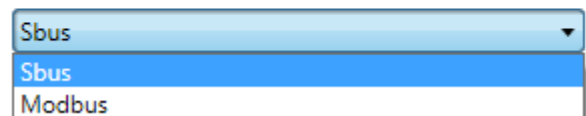
The Baudrate can be defined as automatic detection (default) or set to a specific value. The drop down choice will be available when the check box "Automatic" is unchecked. TN delay and TS delay shall be left at their default values of 2.

S-Bus settings

E-line App device setup
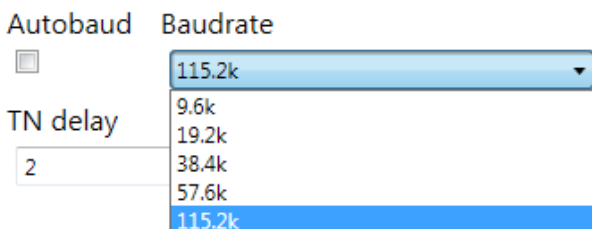
Modbus settings
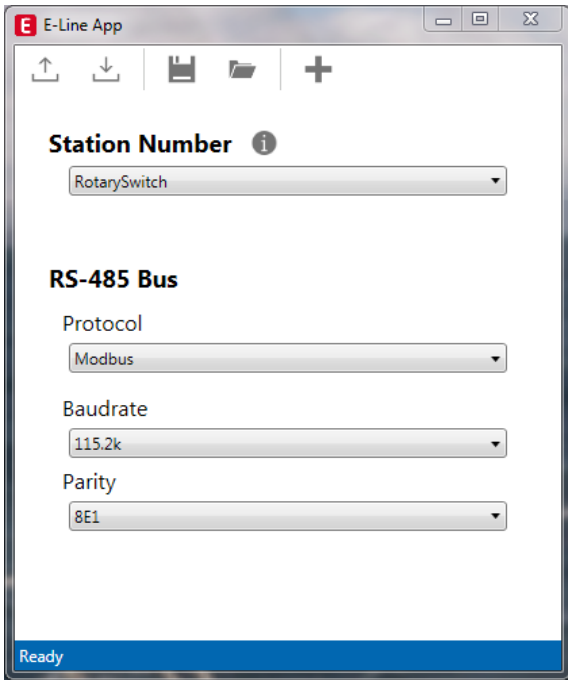
The Baudrate is set by default to 115 k. It can be defined as choice of the list.
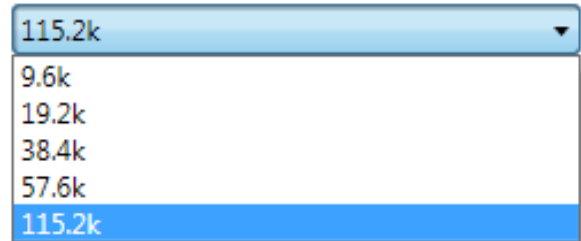
For best interoperability, the Parity Mode and number of Stop Bits can also be set.
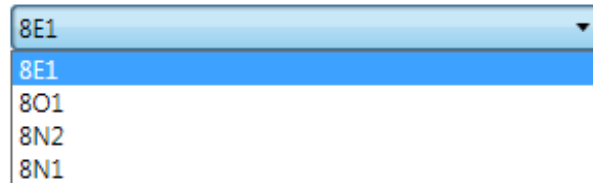
S-Bus communication

S-Bus communication is based on Saia PCD® S-Bus Data Mode. Only the set-up of a unique S-Bus address within the communication line is required to establish a communication between Saia PCD® controllers and E-Line RIO modules. The address can be set using the rotary switches at the front of the module. The baud rate will be learned from the network by factory default. In addition a Windows-based application is available for manual parameter setup. Configuration parameters as well as manual override state and value are saved non-volatile. A delay of about one second between a manual state change and non-volatile saving has to be taken into consideration.

Device address
- ▶ 0 … 98   Address is taken from the rotary switches
- ▶ 99   Address is taken from the device configuration. The address is settable with the E-Line configuration software.

Start-up procedure
- ▶ Reboot: All outputs are cleared (Off state)
- ▶ < 1 sec.   Output in manual operation are set according to the state before power down.
- ▶ Outputs in automatic mode

    If, after reboot, no telegram is received within the "safe state power-on timeout," the module enters into the safe state mode and sets the outputs according to their configured values.

   On reception of a valid command telegram the outputs are controlled by the communication. When no communication update follows within the "safe state com. timeout" the module enters into safe state and sets the outputs according to their configured values.

Usage of the E-Line module-specific FBoxes

The usage of the E-Line module-specific FBoxes from the E-Line S-Bus Fupla library allows an easy and efficient commissioning of the E-Line RIO.

The FBox allows the definition and configuration of all possible functionalities of the E-Line RIO like manual override permission, usage of safe state mode, behaviour and colour of the LED's and so on.

In the background, the FBox uses the fast 'E-Line S-Bus' protocol for a high speed communication between the master and the RIO.

S-Bus communication

Direct access to the RIO media with standard S-Bus send and receive telegrams

The following chapter describes the media and parameter mapping to Registers and Flags for individual programming. For efficient PCD programming the E-Line RIO FBox family and templates are suitable for most applications. Only individual programming (e.g. Instruction List) requires standard S-Bus communication.

Digital inputs 230 V

Input	Input Value	Read/Write
Digital input 0	Flag 0	R
Digital input 1	Flag 1	R
Digital input 2	Flag 2	R
Digital input 3	Flag 3	R
Digital input 4	Flag 4	R
Digital input 5	Flag 5	R

Relay outputs

Output	Output Value	Read/Write	Manual override Communication	Read/Write*	Manual override Local	Read/Write**
Relay output 0	Flag 30	RW	Register 90	RW	Register 93	R
Relay output 1	Flag 31	RW	Register 91	RW	Register 94	R
Relay output 2	Flag 32	RW	Register 92	RW	Register 95	R

* Writable only if S-Bus permission is set in the configuration, otherwise write has no effect
**Writing to these registers has no effect. Used only if hardware permission is set in the configuration

Normal operation: The outputs are set according the flag set by the communication.
Manual operation: The output are set according to the manual command, the communication flags are ignored.
Safe State: In case of a broken communication, a safe state value can be applied, see table Safe State Configuration.

Register format for manual override via S-Bus (Reg. 90 … 92):

Bit 0	Current output value
Bit 30	1: output is driven in manual override by S-Bus
Bit 31	1: output is driven in manual override by local push buttons

Register format for local manual override (Reg. 93 … 95):

Bit 0	Current output value
Bit 31	1: output is driven in manual override by local push buttons

LED Configuration

LED Relay output 0	Register 300	RW
LED Relay output 1	Register 301	RW
LED Relay output 2	Register 302	RW
LED Digital input 0	Register 330	RW
LED Digital input 1	Register 331	RW
LED Digital input 2	Register 332	RW
LED Digital input 3	Register 333	RW
LED Digital input 4	Register 334	RW
LED Digital input 5	Register 335	RW

Register format:

Bit 0 … 7	I/O state Low	LED colour
Bit 8 … 15	I/O state Low	LED blink code
Bit 16 … 23	I/O state High	LED colour
Bit 24 … 31	I/O state High	LED blink code

LED colour	0: Off
	1: Red
	2: Green
	3: Orange (red + green)
LED blink code	0: No blink
	1: Slow blinking (0.5 flashes per second)
	2: Fast blinking (2 flashes per second)

Factory default: Low: off, High: LED colour 2 (green), no blink

The LEDs can be configured individually depending on the I/O state in colour and blink code.

S-Bus communication

Configuration for safe state and manual override

Output	Safe State Enable	Read/Write	Safe State Value	Read/Write
Relay output 0	Flag 320	RW	Flag 350	RW
Relay output 1	Flag 321	RW	Flag 351	RW
Relay output 2	Flag 322	RW	Flag 352	RW
Communication safe state enable default 0 (disabled)			Flag 400	RW
Power-On safe state enable default 0 (disabled)			Flag 401	RW
Power-On safe state timeout [ms], Valid values 1000 … 100,000,000, default 30,000			Register 590	RW
Communication safe state timeout [ms] Valid values 1000 … 100,000,000, default 15,000			Register 591	RW
Manual operation mode Bit 0: Disabled Bit 1: Remote control limited*, default 1 Bit 2: Local operation enabled, default 1 Bit 3: Remote control unlimited*, default 0 Bits can be combined to enable remote and local operation			Register 592	RW

* If manual operation is locally activated at the module, the output value and manual state cannot be set/reset remotely

Manual operation mode:

▶ Disabled (0)

▶ Local operation only (4, Bit 2 set)

▶ Local operation enabled, remote limited (6, Bit 1 and 2 set), default

▶ Local and remote operation enabled (12, Bit 2 and 3 set)

▶ Remote operation only, local operation disabled (8, Bit 3 set)

The safe state enable flag and the safe state value are combined in the following way:

■ Setting the enable flag to 0 keep the output value unchanged in case of safe state occurrence.

■ Setting the enable flag to 1 writes the safe state value in case of safe state occurrence.

Device Information

Firmware version (Decimal xyyzz, 10802 ➜ 1.08.02)	Register 600	R
Number of supported registers	Register 601	R
Number of supported flags	Register 602	R
Product type (ASCII String)***	Register 605 … 608	R
Hardware version (Hex)	Register 609	R
Serial number (Hex)	Register 611 … 612	R
Communication protocol (1: S-Bus Slave, 3: Modbus)	Register 620	R
Communication baud rate	Register 621	R
Communication auto baud enable (0: disabled, 1: enabled)	Register 622	R
Communication TN delay *	Register 623	R
Communication TS delay **	Register 624	R
Communication module address	Register 626	R

*   Time in 0.1 ms (e.g. 2 means 200 us) before setting activation of RS-485 line driver send mode (only used for S-Bus slave protocol)
** Time in 0.1 ms (e.g. 2 means 200 us) before sending the first character after line driver activation (only used for S-Bus slave protocol)
*** The four registers contain the ASCII characters of the product type.
E.g. for PCD1.A2000-A20:
0605: 50434431H   0606: 2E413230H   0607: 30302D41H   0608: 32300000H

Modbus communication

Modbus fulfils the requirements for standard communication protocols. It is based on Modbus RTU. The Windows-based configuration software is required to enable and set up the Modbus communication parameters. The device address can be set up with the rotary switches at the front of the module. Configuration parameters as well as manual override state and value are saved non-volatile. A delay of about one second between a manual state change and non-volatile saving has to be taken into consideration.

Device address

- ▶ 0 … 98   Address is taken from the rotary switches
- ▶ 99   Address is taken from the device configuration. The address is settable with the E-Line configuration software.

Start-up procedure

- ▶ Reboot: All outputs are cleared (Off state)
- ▶ <1 sec.   Output in manual operation are set according to the state before power down.
- ▶ Outputs in automatic mode

    If, after reboot, no telegram is received within the "safe state power-on timeout," the module enters into the safe state mode and sets the outputs according to their configured values.

    On reception of a valid command telegram the outputs are controlled by the communication. When no communication update follows within the "safe state com. timeout" the module enters into safe state and sets the outputs according to their configured values.

The following chapter describes the media and parameter mapping to Registers and Flags (=Coils).

Supported Modbus services:

- ▶ Function code 1 (read outputs)
- ▶ Function code 3 (read registers)
- ▶ Function code 15 (write multiple outputs)
- ▶ Function code 16 (write multiple registers)

Modbus communication

Read coils

Request				
Address	**Function**	**Start Address**	**Number of coils to read**	**CRC**
0…254	1	High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte

Reply				
Address	**Function**	**No. of Byte**	**Data**	**CRC**
0…254	1	0…256	Coil 0…7	Coil 8…15	⋯	High-Byte	Low-Byte

Write coils

Request					
Address	**Function**	**Start Address**	**Number of Coils to write**	**Coil data**	**CRC**
0…254	15	High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte	No. of Bytes	Coil 0…7	⋯	High-Byte	Low-Byte

Reply				
Address	**Function**	**Start Address**	**Number of written Coils**	**CRC**
0…254	15	High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte

Read register

Request				
Address	**Function**	**Start Address**	**No. of Register to read**	**CRC**
0…254	3	High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte

Reply				
Address	**Function**	**No. of Byte**	**Register Start Addr + 0**	**Addr + n**	**CRC**
0…254	3	0…256	High-Byte	Low-Byte	⋯	High-Byte	Low-Byte

Write register

Request						
Address	**Function**	**Start Address**	**No. of Registers**	**No. of Bytes**	**Data Word: Start Addr + 0**	**Addr + n**	**CRC**
0…254	16	High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte	2…256	Low-Byte	High-Byte	⋯	High-Byte	Low-Byte

Reply				
Address	**Function**	**Start Address**	**No of written Registers**	**CRC**
0…254	16	High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte

The CRC has to be calculated over all telegram bytes starting with address field up to the last data byte. The CRC has to be attached to the data. Please find an example at the appendix of this document. For more details, please refer the publicly available Modbus documentation www.modbus.org.

Modbus communication

Digital inputs 230V

Input	Input Value	Read/Write
Digital input 0	Flag 0	R
Digital input 1	Flag 1	R
Digital input 2	Flag 2	R
Digital input 3	Flag 3	R
Digital input 4	Flag 4	R
Digital input 5	Flag 5	R

Relay outputs Digital outputs

Output	Output Value	Read/Write	Manual override Communication	Read/Write*	Manual override Local	Read/Write**
Relay output 0	Flag 30	RW	Value Reg. 180 Enable Reg. 181	RW	Value Reg. 186 Enable Reg. 187	R
Relay output 1	Flag 31	RW	Value Reg. 182 Enable Reg. 183	RW	Value Reg. 188 Enable Reg. 189	R
Relay output 2	Flag 32	RW	Value Reg. 184 Enable Reg. 185	RW	Value Reg. 190 Enable Reg. 191	R

* Writable only if Modbus permission is set in the configuration, otherwise write has no effect

**Writing to these registers has no effect. Used only if hardware permission is set in the configuration

Normal operation: The outputs are set according the flag set by the communication.
Manual operation: The output are set according to the manual command, the communication flags are ignored.
Safe State: In case of a broken communication, a safe state value can be applied, see table Safe State Configuration.

Register format for manual override via Modbus (Reg. 180 … 185):

Bit 0	Current output value
Enable Reg. Bit 14	1: output is driven in manual override by Modbus
Enable Reg. Bit 15	1: output is driven in manual override by local push buttons

Register format for local manual override (Reg. 186 … 191):

Value Reg. Bit 0	Current output value
Enable Reg. Bit 15	1: output is driven in manual override by local push buttons

LED Configuration

LED Relay output 0	Output L, Reg. 600 Output H, Reg. 601	RW
LED Relay output 1	Output L, Reg. 602 Output H, Reg. 603	RW
LED Relay output 2	Output L, Reg. 604 Output H, Reg. 605	RW
LED Digital input 0	Output L, Reg. 660 Output H, Reg. 661	RW
LED Digital input 1	Output L, Reg. 662 Output H, Reg. 663	RW
LED Digital input 2	Output L, Reg. 664 Output H, Reg. 665	RW
LED Digital input 3	Output L, Reg. 666 Output H, Reg. 667	RW
LED Digital input 4	Output L, Reg. 668 Output H, Reg. 669	RW
LED Digital input 5	Output L, Reg. 670 Output H, Reg. 671	RW

Register format:
Output L, Bit 0 … 7	I/O state Low	LED colour
Output L, Bit 8 … 15	I/O state Low	LED blink code
Output H, Bit 0 … 7	I/O state High	LED colour
Output H, Bit 8 … 15	I/O state High	LED blink code

LED colour
0: Off
1: Red
2: Green
3: Orange (red + green)

LED blink code
0: No blink
1: Slow blinking (0.5 flashes per second)
2: Fast blinking (2 flashes per second)

Factory default:
Low: off,
High: LED colour 2 (green), no blink

The LEDs can be configured individually depending on the I/O state in colour and blink code.

Modbus communication

Configuration for safe state and manual override

Output	Safe State Enable	Read/Write	Safe State Value	Read/Write
Relay Output 0	Flag 320	RW	Flag 350	RW
Relay Output 1	Flag 321	RW	Flag 351	RW
Relay Output 2	Flag 322	RW	Flag 352	RW
Communication safe state enable default 0 (disabled)			Flag 400	RW
Power-On safe state enable default 0 (disabled)			Flag 401	RW
Power-On safe state timeout [ms], Valid values 1000 … 100,000,000, default 30,000			Reg. 1180, 1181	RW
Communication safe state timeout [ms] Valid values 1000 … 100,000,000, default 15,000			Reg. 1182, 1183	RW
Manual operation mode Bit 0: Disabled Bit 1: Remote control limited*, default 1 Bit 2: Local operation enabled, default 1 Bit 3: Remote control unlimited*, default 0 Bits can be combined to enable remote and local operation			Register 1184	RW

* If manual operation is locally activated at the module, the output value and manual state cannot be set/reset remotely

Manual operation mode:

▶ Disabled (0)

▶ Local operation only (4, Bit 2 set)

▶ Local operation enabled, remote limited (6, Bit 1 and 2 set), default

▶ Local and remote operation enabled (12, Bit 2 and 3 set)

▶ Remote operation only, local operation disabled (8, Bit 3 set)

The safe state enable flag and the safe state value are combined in the following way:

- Setting the enable flag to 0 keep the output value unchanged in case of safe state occurrence.
- Setting the enable flag to 1 writes the safe state value in case of safe state occurrence.

Device Information

Firmware version (Decimal xyyzz, 10802 ➔ 1.08.02)	Register 1200	R
Number of supported registers	Register 1202	R
Number of supported flags	Register 1204	R
Product type (ASCII String)*	Register 1210 … 1217	R
Hardware version (Hex)	Register 1218	R
Serial number (Hex)	Register 1222 … 1224	R
Communication protocol (1: S-Bus Slave, 3: Modbus)	Register 1240	R
Communication baud rate	Register 1242	R
Communication auto baud enable (0:disabled, 1:enabled)	Register 1244	R
Communication Mode 0: 8,E,1; 1: 8,O,1; 2: 8,N,2; 3: 8,N,1	Register 1250	R
Communication module address	Register 1252	R

* The eight registers contain the ASCII characters of the product type.
E.g. for PCD1.A2000-A20:
1210…1217: 5043H | 4431H | 2E41H | 3230H | 3030H | 2D41H | 3230H | 0000H

Modbus communication

CRC Generation Example

(Source: http://modbus.org/docs/PI_MBUS_300.pdf, the following content of this page is copied from the referenced document. In case of any questions, please check out the original source)

The function takes two arguments: unsigned char *puchMsg; A pointer to the message buffer containing binary data to be used for generating the CRC unsigned short usDataLen; The quantity of bytes in the message buffer. The function returns the CRC as a type unsigned short.

CRC Generation Function

```c
unsigned short CRC16(puchMsg, usDataLen) ;
unsigned char *puchMsg ;                         /* message to calculate CRC upon */
unsigned short usDataLen ;                       /* quantity of bytes in message */
{
        unsigned char uchCRCHi = 0xFF ;          /* high byte of CRC initialized */
        unsigned char uchCRCLo = 0xFF ;          /* low byte of CRC initialized */
        unsigned uIndex ;                        /* will index into CRC lookup table */
        while (usDataLen--)                      /* pass through message buffer */
        {
                uIndex = uchCRCHi ^ *puchMsgg++;    /* calculate the CRC */
                uchCRCHi = uchCRCLo ^ auchCRCHi[uIndex];
                uchCRCLo = auchCRCLo[uIndex];
        }
        return (uchCRCHi << 8 | uchCRCLo);
}
```

High-Order Byte Table
```c
/* Table of CRC values for high-order byte */
static unsigned char auchCRCHi[] = {
0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40,
0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41,
0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41,
0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40,
0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41,
0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40,
0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40,
0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41,
0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41,
0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40,
0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40,
0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41,
0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40,
0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41,
0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41,
0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x01, 0xC0, 0x80, 0x41, 0x00, 0xC1, 0x81, 0x40 };
```

Low-Order Byte Table
```c
/* Table of CRC values for low-order byte */
static char auchCRCLo[] = {
0x00, 0xC0, 0xC1, 0x01, 0xC3, 0x03, 0x02, 0xC2, 0xC6, 0x06, 0x07, 0xC7, 0x05, 0xC5, 0xC4, 0x04,
0xCC, 0x0C, 0x0D, 0xCD, 0x0F, 0xCF, 0xCE, 0x0E, 0x0A, 0xCA, 0xCB, 0x0B, 0xC9, 0x09, 0x08, 0xC8,
0xD8, 0x18, 0x19, 0xD9, 0x1B, 0xDB, 0xDA, 0x1A, 0x1E, 0xDE, 0xDF, 0x1F, 0xDD, 0x1D, 0x1C, 0xDC,
0x14, 0xD4, 0xD5, 0x15, 0xD7, 0x17, 0x16, 0xD6, 0xD2, 0x12, 0x13, 0xD3, 0x11, 0xD1, 0xD0, 0x10,
0xF0, 0x30, 0x31, 0xF1, 0x33, 0xF3, 0xF2, 0x32, 0x36, 0xF6, 0xF7, 0x37, 0xF5, 0x35, 0x34, 0xF4,
0x3C, 0xFC, 0xFD, 0x3D, 0xFF, 0x3F, 0x3E, 0xFE, 0xFA, 0x3A, 0x3B, 0xFB, 0x39, 0xF9, 0xF8, 0x38,
0x28, 0xE8, 0xE9, 0x29, 0xEB, 0x2B, 0x2A, 0xEA, 0xEE, 0x2E, 0x2F, 0xEF, 0x2D, 0xED, 0xEC, 0x2C,
0xE4, 0x24, 0x25, 0xE5, 0x27, 0xE7, 0xE6, 0x26, 0x22, 0xE2, 0xE3, 0x23, 0xE1, 0x21, 0x20, 0xE0,
0xA0, 0x60, 0x61, 0xA1, 0x63, 0xA3, 0xA2, 0x62, 0x66, 0xA6, 0xA7, 0x67, 0xA5, 0x65, 0x64, 0xA4,
0x6C, 0xAC, 0xAD, 0x6D, 0xAF, 0x6F, 0x6E, 0xAE, 0xAA, 0x6A, 0x6B, 0xAB, 0x69, 0xA9, 0xA8, 0x68,
0x78, 0xB8, 0xB9, 0x79, 0xBB, 0x7B, 0x7A, 0xBA, 0xBE, 0x7E, 0x7F, 0xBF, 0x7D, 0xBD, 0xBC, 0x7C,
0xB4, 0x74, 0x75, 0xB5, 0x77, 0xB7, 0xB6, 0x76, 0x72, 0xB2, 0xB3, 0x73, 0xB1, 0x71, 0x70, 0xB0,
0x50, 0x90, 0x91, 0x51, 0x93, 0x53, 0x52, 0x92, 0x96, 0x56, 0x57, 0x97, 0x55, 0x95, 0x94, 0x54,
0x9C, 0x5C, 0x5D, 0x9D, 0x5F, 0x9F, 0x9E, 0x5E, 0x5A, 0x9A, 0x9B, 0x5B, 0x99, 0x59, 0x58, 0x98,
0x88, 0x48, 0x49, 0x89, 0x4B, 0x8B, 0x8A, 0x4A, 0x4E, 0x8E, 0x8F, 0x4F, 0x8D, 0x4D, 0x4C, 0x8C,
0x44, 0x84, 0x85, 0x45, 0x87, 0x47, 0x46, 0x86, 0x82, 0x42, 0x43, 0x83, 0x41, 0x81, 0x80, 0x40 };
```

NOTE

Extra low voltages (ELV) or secure low voltages (SELV) are voltages up to 50 Volts.

NOTE

Low voltages are voltages between 50 … 250 Volts.

INSTALLATION DIRECTION FOR SWITCHING LOWER VOLTAGES

For reasons of safety it is not allowed that extra low voltages and low voltages are connected to two adjacent relay contacts. Neither may different phases may be connected to two adjacent relay contacts. But a relay contact between them can be left empty.
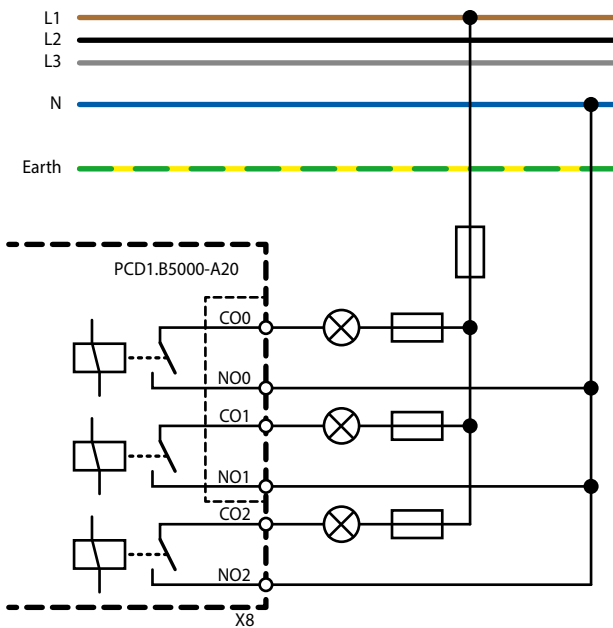
If a Saia PCD® system module is connected to low voltage, then all components which are electrically connected to this system must be approved for low voltage.

When using low voltage, all connections to the relay contacts, which are connected to the same circuit, must be protected by a common fuse.
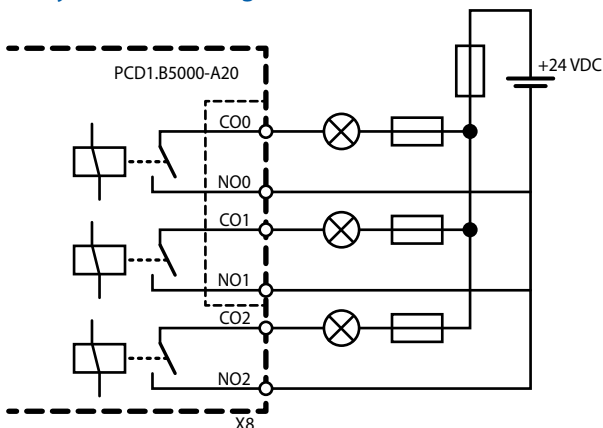The individual load circuits, on the other hand, may be protected individually by a fuse.
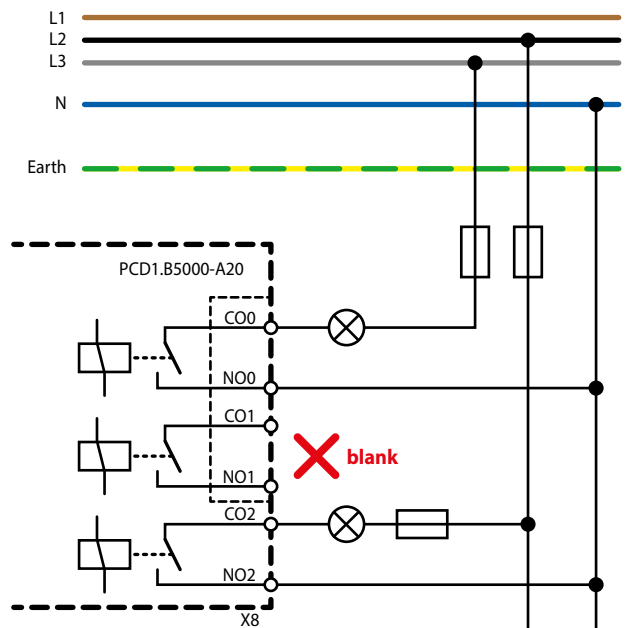
Wiring examples with fuses

Low voltage - single phase
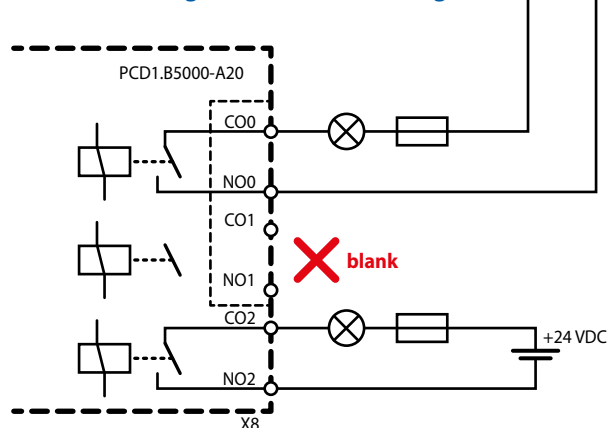
Low voltage - multiple phases

Onnly extra low voltage

Mix of low voltage and extra low voltage

ATTENTION

These devices must only be installed by a professional electrician, otherwise there is the risk of fire or the risk of an electric shock.

WARNING

Product is not intended to be used in safety critical applications, using it in safety critical applications is unsafe.

WARNING - Safety

The unit is not suitable for the explosion-proof areas and the areas of use excluded in EN 61010 Part 1.

WARNING - Safety

Check compliance with nominal voltage before commissioning the device (see type label). Check that connection cables are free from damage and that, when wiring up the device, they are not connected to voltage.

NOTE

In order to avoid moisture in the device due to condensate build-up, acclimatise the device at room temperature for about half an hour before connecting.

CLEANING

The device can be cleaned in dead state with a dry cloth or cloth soaked in soap solution. Do not use caustic or solvent-containing substances for cleaning.

MAINTENANCE

These devices are maintenance-free. If damaged during transportation or storage, no repairs should be undertaken by the user.

GUARANTEE

Opening the module invalidates the guarantee.

**WEEE Directive 2012/19/EC Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment directive**
The product should not be disposed of with other household waste. Check for the nearest authorized collection centers or authorized recyclers. The correct disposal of end-of-life equipment will help prevent potential negative consequences for the environment and human health.
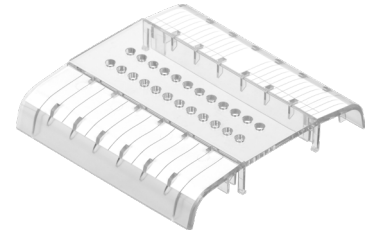
EAC Mark of Conformity for Machinery Exports to Russia, Kazakhstan or Belarus.

PCD1.B5000-A20
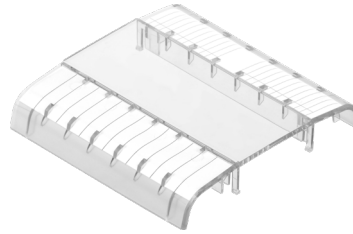
PCD1.K0206-005

PCD1.K0206-025

Terminal set
32304321-003-S

Order details

Type	Short description	Description	Weight
PCD1.B5000-A20	E-Line S-Serie RIO 6DI 230V, 3Rel	E-Line S-Serie Digital input/output module manual override operating level for all outputs status LED for inputs and outputs supply 24 VDC 6 Digital inputs 115…230 VAC 3 relay normally open 230 VAC / 30 VDC, 6 A (resistive load) 1 interface RS-485 (S-Bus and Modbus) 1 USB Service interface	220 g
PCD1.K0206-005	E-Line labelling set 5 × 6 HP*	E-Line cover and labelling set consisting of 5 × covers (6 HP = 105 mm) and labelling sheet for mounting in the automation control cabinet	365 g
PCD1.K0206-025	E-Line labelling set 5 × 6 HP* with holes	E-Line cover and labelling set with holes consisting of 5 × covers (6 HP = 105 mm) with holes for manual override operating level and labelling sheet for mounting in the automation control cabinet	365 g
32304321-003-S	Terminal set	6-pin terminal. Set of 6 terminal blocks	40 g

* Horizontal pitch: 1 HP corresponds to 17.5 mm